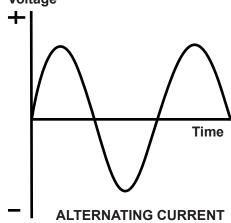
## AC vs DC

AC Voltage stands for Alternating Current. The flow of electricity periodically changes direction from positive to negative about a neutral point (not always ground!). Typical examples of AC voltage are residential and commercial outlet power.



DC Voltage stands for Direct Current. The flow of electricity is always one direction, or said to be positive. Typical examples of DC voltage in use are: automobiles which run on 12VDC, commercial trucks which run on 24 VDC, and many electronic devices which take AA, AAA, etc style batteries.

